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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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DALY, CROWLEY & MOFFORD, LLP			DAVIS, TEMICA M	
SUITE 101 275 TURNPIKE STREET CANTON, MA 02021-2310			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2681	11
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/924,022	MCNAIR
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Temica M. Davis	2681
The MAILING DATE of this communic	cation appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30)  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum station  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set or extended period	CATION.  If 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re inication.  If ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty utory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT will, by statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	l on <u>07 August 2001</u> .	
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b	)⊠ This action is non-final.	
Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice.		
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	e withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 27 August 200 Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including to 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	01 is/are: a)  accepted or b)  obj tion to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand the correction is required if the drawing(s)	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
application from the Internation  * See the attached detailed Office action  13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for since a specific reference was included 37 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language action of the foreign language action.  14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for reference was included in the first senter.	locuments have been received. locuments have been received in Apf the priority documents have been ral Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). for a list of the certified copies not ral domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. in the first sentence of the specifical guage provisional application has bear domestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	eceived in this National Stage eceived. 3 119(e) (to a provisional application) tion or in an Application Data Sheet. en received. 3 120 and/or 121 since a specific
Attachment(s)	<b>"</b> □	(070 440) 5
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	O-948) 5) Notice of Inf	ımmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-3,7,12,13,18,21 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Carsello, U.S. Patent No. 6,317,474.

Regarding claim 1, Carsello discloses a method for determining the location of a mobile station, comprising: receiving a plurality of simulcast signals from respective base stations (col. 3,lines 10-21); determining relative time of arrival information for the received plurality of simulcast signals (col. 1,lines 57-65); and inherently determining the position (i.e., inherently TOA is used for locating position of mobile) of the mobile station (col. 4,line 64 to col. 5,line 8).

Regarding claim 2, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 1, further including determining the relative time of arrival information using characteristics inherent in the received signal (col. 5,lines 2-6).

Regarding claim 3, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 2, wherein the inherent characteristics of the received signal include time dispersion due to

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simultaneous transmission of the substantially identical simulcast signals (col. 1,lines 36-46).

Regarding claim 7, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 1, further including inherently receiving base station ID information in the respective simulcast signals (col. 4,line 62 to col. 5,line 8).

Regarding claim 12, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 1, further including computing the relative time of arrival information using differential in frequency information (col. 6,lines 21-29).

Regarding claim 13, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 1, further including receiving a signal from a first one of the plurality of base stations to a second one of the plurality of base stations for identifying the simulcast signals from respective first and/or second ones of the plurality of base stations (col. 3,lines 38-46).

Regarding claim 18, Carsello discloses a method for receiving location information for a mobile station, comprising: transmitting simulcast signals to the mobile station; and receiving mobile station location information from the mobile station determined from relative time of arrival information for the simulcast signals (col. 3,lines 10-46 and col. 5,lines 2-8).

Regarding claim 21, Carsello discloses a mobile station, comprising: a receiver for receiving simulcast signals from a plurality of base stations; and a processor for determining time of arrival information for the received simulcast signals and identifying a location of the mobile station (col. 3,lines 10-46 and col. 5,lines 2-8).

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Regarding claim 24, Carsello discloses a wireless network for providing location specific information to a mobile station, comprising: a plurality of base stations for transmitting simulcast signals; a mobile station for receiving the simulcast signals and determining a location of the mobile station (col. 3,lines 10-46 and col. 5,lines 2-8).

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Budnik et al. (Budnik), U.S. Patent No. 6,052,064.

Regarding claim 27, Budnik discloses a wireless network, comprising: a plurality of base stations for transmitting simulcast signals to mobile stations and receiving mobile station location information to broadcast location specific information to the mobile stations (col. 9,line 40 to col. 10, line 4).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 4-6,8,9,19,22,25 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carsello, in view of .Baum et al. (Baum), U.S. Patent No. 5,867,478.

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Regarding claims 4,19,22 and 25 Carsello discloses the limitations in claim 3 but fails to disclose what Baum discloses, which is the method according to claim 3, wherein the received simulcast signals having an OFDM modulation format (col. 7,lines 40-60).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Carsello to include OFDM transmission for the purpose of reducing the impact of interference in OFDM evironment.

Regarding claim 5, Carsello further discloses the method according to claim 4, further including estimating channel frequency response (col. 6, lines 21-29).

Regarding claim 6, Carsello discloses the method according to claim 5, further including transforming the channel frequency response to obtain the relative time of arrival information (col. 5,lines 2-8 and col. 6,lines 21-29).

Regarding claim 8, Carsello discloses the limitations of claim 1, but fails to disclose what Baum discloses, which is the method according to claim 1, further receiving GPS signals for determining the relative time of arrival information (col. 7,lines 42-45).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Carsello to include GPS signals for the purpose of providing synchronization.

Regarding claim 9, Carsello discloses the limitations of claim 1, but fails to disclose what Baum discloses which is the method according to claim 1, further

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including utilizing Doppler shift information associated with movement of the mobile station to determine the position of the mobile station (col. 17,lines 1-7).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Carsello to include Doppler shift for the purpose of computing an estimate of the desired the transmitted signal.

7. Claims 10,11,14-16,23 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baum, in view of Budnik et al. (Budnik), U.S. Patent No. 6,052,064.

Regarding claim 10, Baum discloses the limitations of claim 1 but fails to explicitly disclose what Budnik discloses which is the method according to claim 1, further including computing a locus of points having a distance from first and second ones of the plurality of base stations that differs by a signal time of arrival difference for signals from the first and second ones of the plurality of base stations (i.e., reads on triangulation, see col. 5,lines 7-19).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum to include a triangulation method for the purpose of locating the mobile.

Regarding claim 11, Budnik futher discloses the method according to claim 10, further including further loci of points for further pairs of base stations (i.e., reads on triangulation, see col. 5,lines 7-19).

Regarding claims 14 and 16, Baum discloses the limitations of claim 1 but fails to explicitly disclose what Budnik discloses which is the method according to claim 1,

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further including transmitting the mobile station position from the mobile station to one or more of the plurality of base stations (col. 5,lines 15-19).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum to include a triangulation method for the purpose of locating the mobile.

Regarding claim 15, Budnik further discloses the method according to claim 14, further including transmitting the mobile station position from the one or more plurality of base stations to a network server associated with the one or more plurality of base stations (col. 6,lines 13-32).

Regarding claim 23, Baum disclose the limitations of claim 21, but fails to explicitly disclose what Budnik discloses which is the mobile station according to claim 21, further including a transmitter for transmitting the mobile station location to one or more of the plurality of base stations (col. 5,lines 15-19).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum to include a triangulation method for the purpose of locating the mobile.

Regarding claim 26, Baum disclose the limitations of claim 21, respectively, but fails to explicitly disclose what Budnik discloses which is the network according to claim 24, further including at least one network server for providing location-specific information (i.e., location estimate) to the mobile station based upon mobile station location information provided to one or more of the plurality of base stations (col.5,lines 15-19).

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At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum to include a triangulation method for the purpose of locating the mobile.

8. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baum and Budnik, in view of Oren et al. (Oren), U.S. Patent No. 6,725,045.

Regarding claim 17, Baum as modified by Budnik disclose the limitations of claim 15 but fail to disclose what Oren teaches wherein the method according to claim 15, further including broadcasting location-specific advertisements (col. 4,lines 8-13).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum as modified by Budnik to include location base advertising for the purpose of notifying mobile units.

9. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carselloa and Baum, in view of Budnik.

Regarding claim 20, Carsello as modified by Budnik discloses the limitations of cliam 19. Budnik discloses the method according to claim 19, further including transmitting location-specific information to the mobile station (col. 5,lines 15-19). At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art to modify Baum to include a triangulation method for the purpose of locating the mobile.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Temica M. Davis whose telephone number is (703) 306-5837. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday (alternate Fridays) from 9:00am-3:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Erika Gary can be reached on (703) 308-0123. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Temica M. Davis Examiner Art Unit 2681

May 27, 2004

PATENT EXAMINER